## **SOUTH AFRICAN MARITIME SAFETY AUTHORITY**



# SAFETY SURVEY CHECKLIST: CATEGORY D COMMERCIAL AND PLEASURE (NON-PASSENGER)

The various Acts and Merchant Shipping (National Small Vessel Safety) Regulations place the onus on the owner and in some cases the master as well, to ENSURE that the vessel and the crew comply with the requirements of the regulations at all times.

**PURPOSE**: To Assist and Guide the Vessel Owner/Owner Representative to prepare the vessel for a Safety survey.

<u>SAMSA SURVEYORS</u>: To <u>ensure</u> that the Owner, Master and Crew comply with relevant Legislation as well as Industry Safety Standards, they do not act as vessel superintendent and therefore do not release the Owner, Master and Crew from their accountability and responsibility to ensure that the vessel complies with Legislation and Best Industry Practises.

OWNER/OWNERS REPRESENTATIVE DECLARATION:						
Vessel Name		Inspection Date				
Official Number		Length (m)				
Gross Tons		kW or HP				
I, being the <u>responsible person</u> for the abovementioned vessel, have read and completed the checklist, in preparation for the vessel's Safety Survey. I further understand that should the vessel not be ready for survey, the SAMSA SURVEYOR may terminate the survey/audit and that I will be invoiced as per SAMSA Policy.						
Responsible Person (Full Name)		Signature				
	at defects be made good.—(1) If upon the inspection of a vessel a surveyor finds that the provisions		ritime occupational safety regulations <u>are not</u>			

MSA Section 223. Surveyor may direct that defects be made good.—(1) If upon the inspection of a vessel a surveyor finds that the provisions of section 73 or 221 or of the maritime occupational safety regulations are not being complied with, or that the vessel is not equipped as required by the construction regulations, the lifesaving equipment regulations, the radio regulations, the collision regulations or any other applicable regulations which may have been made or not marked as required by the load line regulations, or that the equipment is not in good condition, or that the deck lines or load lines are not being properly maintained, or that the master and crew cannot demonstrate the related competency at their place or places of duty, he shall give notice in writing to that effect to the owner or master, pointing out the deficiencies or defects and requiring that they be made good. (2) A copy or every notice so given shall be transmitted by the surveyor to the proper officer at any port at which a clearance for that vessel may be requested, and a clearance shall not be granted, and the vessel shall be detained, until a certificate under the hand of a surveyor is produced stating that the deficiencies or defects have been supplied or made good.

### **APPLICATION:**

Category D: Vessels operating less than 5nm from shore Pleasure: Vessels used solely for sport and recreation

Commercial: Vessels that are not pleasure vessels

Passenger vessel: Vessel carrying more than 12 passengers

Passenger: any person other than persons employed as crew; rescued survivors and

infants under one year of age

SAFE A	ACCESS			
	· ·	s to issue a "prohibition order" requiring that all ne surveyor, this includes enclose space.	work on bo	pard be halted and access to the vessel be denied until safe access
ACCOMMODATION  LADDERS AND GANGWAYS  Access equipment must be of good construction, sound material and adequate strength, free from patent defect and prop maintained. Gangways should not be used at an angle of more than 30° from the horizontal, unless designed and construct for use at greater angles. Gangways should not be fixed to the ship's railings unless designed for such use. If rigged in an o section in the ship's bulwark or railings, any remaining gaps should be adequately fenced.			nore than 30° from the horizontal, unless designed and constructed the ship's railings unless designed for such use. If rigged in an open	
ABBR	EVIATIONS			
MSA	Merchant Shipping Act, No57 of 1951		NSVSR	Merchant Shipping (National Small Vessel Safety) Regulations, 2007

#### WHO SHOULD SURVEY YOUR VESSEL?

The survey of small vessels is carried out by three (3) categories of persons:

- 1. SAMSA Employed Surveyors Surveyors permanently employed by SAMSA for the execution of SAMSA's responsibility's
- 2. SAMSA Appointed Surveyors Surveyors appointed by SAMSA to carry out surveys of small vessels on behalf of SAMSA.
- 3. Authorised Agency Safety Officers Safety officers appointed by Authorised Agency's to carry out surveys of vessels operating at clubs affiliated to that authorised agency. As part of the Authorised Agency appointment, the Safety Officer authorisation is extended to the conduct of surveys of certain classes of small boats used for purposes of sport and recreation.

The scope of surveys carried out by the three categories of surveyors is summarised in the table below:

		mercial Ve al General Certificate	Safety		ure Vesselificate of F	-		ure Vessels	_
Description	New Construction	Initial Survey	Periodic Survey	New Construction	Initial Survey	Periodic Survey	New Construction	Initial Survey	Periodic Survey
SAMSA Employed Surveyor	Х	Х	Х	NR <sup>(5)</sup>	Х	X <sup>(2)</sup>	NR <sup>(5)</sup>	X <sup>(2)</sup>	X <sup>(2)</sup>
SAMSA Appointed surveyor <sup>(3)</sup>			X <sup>(4)</sup>	NR <sup>(5)</sup>	Х	Х	NR <sup>(5)</sup>	Х	х
Authorised Agency Appointed Safety Officer							NR <sup>(5)</sup>	Х	х

#### Notes:

- .1 A commercial vessel is any vessel which is required to be licenced and includes passenger vessels (Vessels carrying more than 12 persons).
- .2 SAMSA surveyors would normally not carry out these surveys which should be carried out by "Appointed Surveyors" or "Safety Officers"
- .3 The scope of responsibility of SAMSA appointed surveyors is clearly defined in their individual letter of appointment.
- .4 "Appointed Surveyor" to obtain permission from a Principal Officer of the region prior to the conduct of these surveys (Report of Survey to be submitted to SAMSA office for issue of Local General Safety Certificate).
- Attendance during construction is **not** regulated (NR). It must however be noted that SAMSA **does not accept "Fait Accompli's"** ie. If a pleasure vessel is presented for licencing at a later stage, it would be required that compliance with the construction requirements of the small vessel regulations be proved.

#### HAVE YOU MODIFIED YOUR VESSEL?

Summary of modifications to vessel's construction, fittings or arrangements (if any).
Owner or Owner's Representative Name and Signature:

## HAVE YOU PROVIDED SAFE ACCESS TO YOUR VESSEL?

Owners and skippers are advised that SAMSA regards the non-provision of safe access to vessels in a serious light. Safe access is a requirement for ALL persons requiring access to vessels (not just surveyors). SAMSA surveyors are instructed to issue a PROHIBITION ORDER where safe access is not provided. All work on board is to be stopped until safe access is provided to the satisfaction of the surveyor. (Merchant Shipping Act, 57 of 1951 section 9(5)

Owner and Vessel Particulars			
Name of Vessel			
Type of operation (Commercial or Pleasure)	Local General Safety Certificate	Certificate of Fitness	
Approved Marking or Official Number and Category			
Area of Operation			
Port of Registry or operational home port			
Length of Vessel			
Number of Crew, including master			
Colour of hull and deck			
Make and model of vessel and Engines			
Name of Owner			
ID Number of owner or company registration number			
Address of owner			
Telephone number of owner			
Email Address			

<b>Competent and Responsible Ma</b>	nning	٧
Crewing Regulation 14	The vessel has to be under the constant guidance of a person holding an appropriately endorsed Certificate of Competence.	
	This certificate of competence (or a certified copy) must be available for inspection at all reasonable times.	
Manning Regulation 14	In addition to having a qualified skipper on board, the owner must ensure that the vessel is sufficiently and efficiently manned. There are to be sufficient competent persons on board with regards to the requirements of other safety provisions, i.e. such as keeping a proper lookout and the manning (minimum number of crew) of the vessel.	
Crewing for Commercial Vessels Regulation 14(3)	Commercial Vessels: Records of approved safety induction training Records for medical fitness and employment history Familiarisation training Crew can effectively co-ordinate emergency and pollution prevention duties.	
Essential Safety Information Regulation 7	1. and 2. are applicable to ALL vessels	
On EVERY occasion and BEFORE the vessel goes to sea;  1. All skippers MUST ensure that every person aboard receives essential and appropriate safety information; such as the	In addition for commercial vessels:  Skippers of commercial vessels MUST practice the vessel's emergency procedures and arrangements at least once a week. (Examples would be 'abandon ship', 'fire fighting' and 'man overboard' procedures, if practicable.)	
location of the safety appliances and equipment aboard as well as instruction in the use of such items.  and	A record of the drills must be maintained by the skipper.  Marine Notice: Requirement for Safety Drills, Safety Familiarisation and Record Keeping.	
2. All skippers MUST ensure that the safety appliances and equipment are inspected, fit and ready for use.	Marine Notice 1 of 2009, or as amended.	
Fuel reserve Regulation 8	A reserve of not less than 25% over and above the requirement for the intended voyage	
Operational Limits Regulation 10	No person may operate a vessel beyond the distance from shore for the category it is licensed for or operate a passenger vessel more than 5 (five) NM from shore and 15(fifteen) NM from a safe haven.	
Carrying persons in excess Regulation 11	It is illegal to exceed the number of persons specified on the vessel's safety certificate, except in an emergency such as in the case of a search and rescue operation.	
Voyage information Regulation 12	Before a vessel goes to sea, the particulars of the vessel and the names of the crew are to be left with the harbour master, at the launch site, or in certain cases, relatives, a police station or responsible person. However, where local authorities or authorized agents have implemented reporting mechanisms, these shall be complied with. Upon returning from sea or the voyage, the person or authorities with whom the voyage information were left, must be informed accordingly.	
Assisting vessels in distress and reporting dangers to navigation Regulation 13	It is the duty of a skipper to report dangers to navigation and assist vessels in distress.	
Cancellation of Certificate of Competence Regulation 16	A certificate of competence may be suspended or cancelled if the holder is convicted of an offence in terms of the Act, if the holder has conducted him/herself in a negligent or incompetent manner, or if the certificate was obtained fraudulently or on wrong information.	

Physical and mental fitness Regulation 17	No person may operate a vessel or vessel's equipment whilst under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
	(Maximum of 0, 05 gram/100 ml alcohol in blood or 0, 24 mg/1000 ml alcohol in breath). No person may refuse that a specimen of blood or breath be taken.
	No person may operate a vessel if he/she is not physically able to do so and/or of sound mental health.
Age Limitations	Commercial vessels the minimum age for a skipper is 18 years.
Regulation 18	Pleasure vessel with more than 15HP the minimum age is 16 years.
Unauthorized liquor and illicit drugs	No person may take, or have in their possession, unauthorized liquor or an
Regulation 19	illicit drug aboard a commercial vessel.
	Commercial vessels may be searched (without a warrant) by enforcement officers. (e.g. SAPS, SAMSA Surveyor, Skipper, Owner or deputized person)
Requirements for water-skiing	Water-skiing is only allowed in areas indicated by the regulating authority
Regulation 36	and it is not allowed at night;
	The towing vessel may not use a steel or other metallic rope;
	In addition to the skipper, there must be a competent person in the towing boat observing the water-skier;
	The towing vessel may not follow closer than 100 metres in the wake of
	another towing vessel - towing a skier, person, aquatic or airborne device.
	A water-skier :
	.1 must wear a suitable buoyancy aid and must have knowledge of the standard hand signals in use;
	.2 may not purposefully let go of the rope in congested areas;
	.3 - may not create a nuisance or danger for other water users.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREN	MENTS – Annex 1	٧
CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS Regulation 6	It is an offence to sell a vessel which does not comply with the construction requirements except where accompanied by a letter or certificate detailing the extent to which the vessel does not or cannot comply.	
PLANS Regulation 4	Vessels under 9 metres are not required to produce plans, but photographs and a buoyancy certificate are required in lieu of detailed plans.	
Plans are required by SAMSA at least seven working days before the building of any commercial vessel is	Vessels > 9m but $\leq$ 12m require in addition; a general arrangement drawing and the ship's particulars.	
commenced, or when any alterations are made to an existing commercial vessel.	Vessels >12m < 25GT require in addition; construction-and-lines plans, shaft & rudder drawing and the bilge-and-sea water system schematics.  Drawings scale to be 1:25	
DOCKING/SLIPPING	LGSC:	
Regulation 5 Regulation 23	Annually: Vessels thoroughly inspected, internally and externally, including water connection fastenings.	
Initial inspections for LGSC/COF will	Surveyors discretion or at intervals not exceeding two years:	
require the external structure and	Dismantle and inspect water suction and discharge valves.	
fittings of the vessel to be inspected by the surveyor.	Surveyors discretion or at intervals not exceeding 4 years: Shafts drawn and tapers blued and non destructive testing of shaft and propeller.	
Required on vessels where the	COF:	
external areas are not otherwise	Annually:	
accessible, every twelve months.	Trailer-borne vessels: Ensure the vessel's structure, equipment, appliances arrangements and material continue to be in compliance with the regulations.  The principles of the LGSC survey requirements will apply to COF inspections for vessels that are not trailer-borne.	
	Exemptions may be applied for, in accordance with SAMSA Policy on Hull and Shaft Surveys.	
SUFFICIENT RESERVE POSITIVE	Marine Notice No 6 of 2002. (or latest marine notice)	
SUFFICIENT RESERVE POSITIVE STABILITY Regulation 6	Careful consideration of vessel stability required when considering modifications to the vessel or changes in the vessels operation which increase the load carried by the vessel.	
INGRESS OF WATER Regulation 6	Decked vessels shall not have any point of possible ingress of water, except for scuppers, less than 200 mm above the surface of the water.  Careful consideration required when modifications to scupper arrangements are considered. (Changes to as-built arrangements.)	
COLOUR OF DECK Regulation 9	To assist with search and rescue, the deck is to be painted or pigmented in a colour which is readily visible from above in any sea condition. (Or the vessel may carry a pigmented canvas extending the full the width of the vessel, but not less than 2m x 2m).	
NAVIGATION LIGHTS Collision Regulations	Any vessel going to sea at night must have properly fitted navigation lights in accordance with the International Collision Regulations.  Lights must be of an approved type; must show the correct sectors; wiring to be neat, secured and waterproof.	
KILL SWITCH Reg 7(5) and (6)	To be fitted on power driven vessels of more than 15HP outboard engines of 9 metres or less in overall length  To be attached to the skipper or operator at all times except when launching or beaching the vessel through surf.	
LOAD LINE REGULATIONS (1968) Regulation 8(1)(f)	Applicable to vessels over 14m in registered length that are not commercial fishing or pleasure vessels.	

BUILT-IN BUOYANCY
Paragraph 1
To be fitted where life-rafts are not carried.

#### **Exceptions:**

- Vessels participating in an organised event under the auspices of an authorised agency are exempted only for the duration of the event
- <u>Sailing</u> pleasure vessels are exempted on inland waters and at sea when operating within 15 nautical miles of the shore and within 30 nautical miles of a safe haven, during daylight hours only, provided that lifebuoys are carried (one per 2 persons)

Vessels not provided with life-rafts must provide either built-in buoyancy or prove that they can survive one compartment flooding

#### Built-jn buoyancy:

The buoyancy provided must be capable of keeping the vessel afloat when fully flooded, swamped or capsized, and, provide a platform upon which the full complement can be secured.

Built-in buoyancy must consist of a material such as foam, or approved plastic bottles that are not affected by oil or oil products to the satisfaction of the authority.

For wooden or GRP vessels the industry norm is that the volume displaced by the buoyancy provide inside the vessel must represent a figure of 60% of the gross weight of the vessel. For other construction materials it must be proved to the satisfaction of the authority that the built-in buoyancy provisions are sufficient.

Vessels are required to be provided with buoyancy certificates, confirming the provision of built-in buoyancy. These certificates are required to be kept onboard with the LGSC/COF and to be presented at the time of survey or when requested by an enforcement officer.

Vessel arrangements must be such that the built-in buoyancy provisions and condition thereof can be reasonably inspected at every survey.

#### One compartment flooding:

In lieu of built in buoyancy, decked vessels (the larger displacement vessels) may have at least two watertight bulkheads, so positioned and of such strength, that in the event that the largest compartment being flooded, the vessel will remain afloat with positive transverse stability. (In the worst envisaged load condition!)

#### Inflatable vessels:

Inflatable vessels of any category whether fully inflatable or semi-rigid, may in lieu of fitted buoyancy be constructed with at least 3 separate buoyancy chambers and have the capacity to stay afloat despite the largest two of the chambers being completely deflated. The hull of a semi-rigid inflatable is not considered to be one of the 3 buoyancy chambers required.

## Hatches on deck Paragraph 2

Hatches on the open deck must be provided with hatch covers that are watertight when dogged down. Special care is to be given to flush deck hatches.

All watertight hatches should be able to withstand a hose test.

Where a fishing hatch can be opened to the sea, the cover must be capable of being secured in an emergency.

Sailing vessels with aft facing companionways which are closed by washboards need not be watertight, but should still be able to substantially retard water ingress.

Guard rails	All open decks or walk ways on <u>power driven vessels</u> should be protected as follows:	
(Paragraph 3)	Vessels 9 metres or more - 600 mm high	
	Vessels less than 9 metres - 450 mm, high [see below exemption]	
	[Commercial and Pleasure power driven vessels <9m may be exempted from railing	
	requirements if operating during daylight hours and PFD worm by persons on deck]	
	All open decks or walk ways on sailing vessels should be protected as follows:	
	Vessels 9 metres or more - 560 mm high	
	Vessels less than 9 metres - 410 mm [see below exemption]	
	[Commercial and Pleasure sailing vessels <9m may be exempted from railing	
	requirements if operating during daylight hours, within 30 nm of a safe haven and	
	PFD worm by persons on deck]	
	<u>Surf operated vessels</u> are exempted if they have bulwarks at least 450 mm forward	
	and 300 mm aft.	
	<u>Vessels with cabin tops</u> which extend nearly to the ship's side, <u>with a crew access</u>	
	forward are exempt if provided with a toe rail of at least 50 mm along the outer edge	
	of the deck and substantial, secure handrail on each side of the cabin.	
Towing arrangements	Every vessel must be provided with an efficient means of securing a tow rope or	
Paragraph 4	anchor cable. Arrangements provided forward and aft.	
	(Capability to tow and to be towed)	
Underwater hull fitting	Inlet and discharge pipes attached to the <u>underwater</u> part of the hull must be	
Paragraph 5	properly flanged to the hull and provided with a valve or shut-off cock inserted in the	
	line as close as possible to the hull.	
	<u>Definition of underwater:</u> The maximum loaded waterline when the vessel is heeled	
	to 7 deg for power driven vessels and the sheer line, at midships, for sailing vessels.	
Ventilators	Vents serving engine or accommodation spaces to be provided with proper closing	
Paragraph 6	devices or water traps to prevent water ingress into the compartment.	
	Vents serving only engine spaces must be able to shut off air flow in case of fire.	
Engine power	Every motorised vessel must have an engine capable of propelling the vessel in its	
Paragraph 7	fully loaded condition at a speed of at least 5 knots.	
	If operating in a surf, each engine must be capable of propelling the vessel at a safe	
	speed when operating in surf conditions. (rough conditions)	
Inboard Petrol Engines	.1 Engine installed in a compartment protected from spray and flooding and is	
(Paragraph 7 (4))	adequately ventilated	
	.2 Manual bilge pump fitted in engine compartment	
	.3 Battery to be stowed outside of engine bay, protected by spray and flooding	
	.4 Marinised carburettor with flash arrester fitted	
	.5 Sparkless alternator and starter	
	.6 Flameproof extractor fitted to engine bay, runs for 30s before engine starts	
	.7 Remote controlled fire extinguishing system	
	.8 Auxiliary outboard fitted	
Exhaust Pipes and Silencers	Water cooled or lagged.	
Paragraph 7(5)		

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Fuel tanks	.1 To be efficiently secured and constructed of suitable material;	
(Paragraph 8)	.2 Outlets of built in tanks to have shut off valves (or approved automatic shut off	
	or anti-siphoning devices). If not readily accessible the valves should be able to	
	be operated remotely;	
	.3 Filler pipes must have threaded plugs or caps. Only non corrosive materials may	
	be used;	
	.4 Breather pipes should not leak even if the vessel is heeled to 50°;	
	.5 Fuel levels should be able to be determined and where gauge glasses are fitted,	
	they must be fitted with self closing valves;	
	.6 All fuel tanks holding PETROL must be fitted or stored outside engine and battery	
	compartments.	
Electrical installations	Power driven vessels must be provided with at least one bank of batteries, unless	
(Paragraph 9)	the vessel is fitted only with hand-start engines.	
(Motor driven vessels)	the vesser is fitted only with hand-start engines.	
(IVIOLOT UTIVETI VESSEIS)	A suitable better about a surline and lines would be presided. If there is more than one	
	A suitable battery charging appliance must be provided. If there is more than one	
	engine, then each engine must be provided with a battery charging appliance	
	capable of charging both banks of batteries.	
	A single bank of batteries must be capable of providing 12 hours auxiliary power for	
	navigation lights, electric bilge pumps (if provided) and fixed radio equipment.	
	Installation to conform to good marine practice.	
Electrical installations	Every sailing vessel fitted with an inboard auxiliary engine must be provided with at	
(Paragraph 9)	least one bank of batteries, unless a hand-start engine is fitted;	
(Sailing vessels)		
	At least a single bank of batteries must be provided, capable of providing 12 hours	
	auxiliary power for navigation lights, electric bilge pumps (if provided) and fixed radio	
	equipment.	
	Installation to conform to good marine practice.	
Emergency steering	Fitted except where steered by means of a tiller. May be portable but must be	
Annex 1	accessible for rapid attachment	
Para 10	Alternative emergency steering to be practical and demonstrated.	
Bilge pumping arrangement	ONLY applies to vessels without self draining decks (exceptions for ski-boats and	
motor vessels	inflatable boats, sailing or rowing dinghies)	
One (4) necessarileit	Where vessels over 7m in length are fitted with an inboard main engine, the bilge	
One (1) power driven bilge pump	pump must be driven by the main engine. If the main engine cannot act as the prime	
(capacity 3000 litres per hour)	mover, the pump may be electrically powered. In addition the vessels must be fitted	
0 (0)	with a hand operated bilge pump situated above the main deck.	
One (1) hand operated pump		
(capacity 2000 litres per hour)	Other power driven vessels over 7m in length must have at least two hand-operated	
	bilge pumps, one installed below deck and the other above deck.	
	Vessels under 7m in length must be fitted at least one hand operated pump	
	All bilge pumps must be fitted with piping arrangements, valves, suction and	
	strainers for pumping out all compartments except for the fish hatch, (if it can be	
	flooded and the vessel still maintains positive stability or adequate buoyancy).	
	Underwater discharges need sufficient non-return valves fitted to prevent back	
	flooding;	
	<u> </u>	
	Portable pump levers to be kept in a readily accessible space as near to the pump as	
	possible. (In the case of pumps above deck, then in a locker above deck)	
	Possible: (in the case of paritys above deck, then in a locker above deck)	

-Underwater discharges need sufficient non-return valves fitted to prevent back flooding; -Portable pump levers to be kept in a readily accessible space as near to the pump as possible. (In the case of pumps above deck, then in a locker above deck)  Visibility at steering position (Paragraph 12)  Maintenance of propulsion and stared plastic), forward, from two points abaft the beam on each side (112%- to port and stbd of the centre line) or out in the open. Protection of glare from the sun may be afforded by portable tinted screens (or the roll-down type) and not fixed/stuck to the glass.  Periodically serviced and maintained according to the manufacturers specifications by competent persons.  Periodically serviced and maintained according to the manufacturers specifications by competent persons.  2 bunks 1,8m x 600mm (may taper to 460mm at the foot)  3 vertical height between mattress and bunk above 500mm  4 No drips onto bunks from access ladders and ventilators  5 cuby hole for each bunk to store personal items  6 bunks end to end separated by a board of at least 500 mm high  7 no sleeping in the engine room or galley  8 only if protected(see Regs) may crew sleep in the steering compartment  9 no access to engine room from galleys with gas stoves (see Regs)  10 Toilets and showers: Under 19 persons - two of each. Additional one of each per ten persons carried in excess of 19. Outside of, but adjacent to, sleeping quarters.  11 adequate ventilation and closing devices to prevent water ingress and air in the event of a fire  21 adequate electrical lighting in all accommodation spaces  13 - all accommodation spaces showers: Under 19 persons - two of each. Additional one of each per ten persons carried in excess of 19. Outside of, but adjacent to, sleeping quarters.  11 adequate ventilation and closing devices to prevent water ingress and air in the event of a fire  12 adequate ventilation and closing devices to prevent water ingress and air in the event of a fire  13 adequate ventilation and closing bevices to	Bilge pumping arrangements (sailing	-Capacity 2000 litres per hour;	
Toolding:			
-Portable pump levers to be kept in a readily accessible space as near to the pump as possible. (In the case of pumps above deck, then in a locker above deck)  Visibility at steering position  (Paragraph 12)  Clear visibility, through safety-toughened clear glass (i.e. not through opaque and starred plastic), forward, from two points abaft the beam on each side (112½- to port and stbd of the centre line) or out in the open. Protection of glare from the sun may be afforded by portable tinted screens (or the roll-down type) and not fixed/stuck to the glass.  Maintenance of propulsion and steering machinery  (Paragraph 13)  Crew accommodation in commercial small vessels (Paragraph 14)  Crew accommodation in commercial small vessels (Paragraph 14)  ONLY applies to vessels going to sea for a continuous period of 16 hours or more in a 24 hour period.  Not more than 10 persons in a space with only one access.  bunks 1,8m x 600mm (may taper to 460mm at the foot)  3 vertical height between mattress and bunk above 500mm  4 No drips onto bunks from access ladders and ventilators  cubby hole for each bunk to store personal items  bunks end to end separated by a board of at least 500 mm high  no access to engine room or galley  sonly if protected(see Regs) may crew sleep in the steering compartment  no access to engine room from galleys with gas stoves (see Regs)  10 Toilets and showers: Under 19 persons - two of each. Additional one of each per ten persons carried in excess of 19. Outside of, but adjacent to, sleeping quarters.  11 adequate ventilation and closing devices to prevent water ingress and air in the event of a fire  22 adequate electrical lighting in all accommodation spaces  13 -all accommodation spaces to have a MININIUM head height - 1,8m, except at bunks, cupboards and other spaces where persons need not normally stand or walk upright.  Gas appliances  Every gas cooker or refrigerator must be fitted with a safety device which closes off the gas if the flame is blown out. The installation must be serviced an		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
As possible. (In the case of pumps above deck, then in a locker above deck)  Visibility at steering position (Paragraph 12)  starred plastic, forward, from two points abaft the beam on each side (112% to port and stbd of the centre line) or out in the open. Protection of glare from the sun may be afforded by portable tinted screens (or the roll-down type) and not fixed/stuck to the glass.  Maintenance of propulsion and steering machinery (Paragraph 13)  Crew accommodation in commercial small vessels (Paragraph 14)  The more than 10 persons in a space with only one access.  bunks 1,8m x 600mm (may taper to 460mm at the foot)  3 vertical height between mattress and bunk above 500mm  A no drips onto bunks from access ladders and ventilators  cubby hole for each bunk to store personal items  bunks end to end separated by a board of at least 500 mm high  no sleeping in the engine room or galley  and one cess to engine room from galleys with gas stoves (see Regs)  To Toilets and showers: Under 19 persons - two of each. Additional one of each per ten persons carried in excess of 19. Outside of, but adjacent to, sleeping quarters.  The adequate electrical lighting in all accommodation spaces  adequate electrical lighting in all accommodation spaces on walk upright.  Every gas cooker or refrigerator must be fitted with a safety device which closes off the gas if the flame is blown out. The installation must be serviced annually by a competent person.  ONLY applies to diving vessels.  If operated through the surf, fitted with adequate seating and grab points other than on the gunwale (except for inflatable vessels).		-Portable pump levers to be kept in a readily accessible space as near to the pump	
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Competent person.	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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	( / /	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		To provide adequately secured racks for accommodating all the dive tanks.	

SAFET	SAFETY APPLIANCES AND EQUIPMENT: Category D				
Anne	cure 2 of National Small Vo	essel Safety Regulations, 2007.			
Safety Item No	Description	Remarks	٧		
1	Approved Life-jacket To be fitted with the following: a) Whistle b) Lifting loop c) Retro–reflective material These devices provide face-up flotation	One life-jacket per person aboard. <u>Level 100</u> – Offshore conditions for vessels operating less than 5 miles offshore (SANS 12402-4)  Refer to the latest Marine Notice: New Compulsory standards for lifejackets used on South African Vessels  SAMSA strongly recommends an approved light; if operating at night			
2	Approved Buoyancy aid (Working Lifejacket)  To be fitted with the following:  a) Whistle b) Lifting loop c) Retro-reflective material  These devices provide for continuous wear and provide lift, without significant face-up turning ability	It is accepted that it may be impractical to wear an approved lifejacket for specific operations onboard. Additional approved buoyancy aids must be provided for the following operations:  Commercial Vessels:  a) When performing any work on deck at night. b) When carrying out any other work where there is a risk of being lost overboard c) Every crew member on a vessel less than seven metres in overall length when operating within 1 nautical mile from shore  Pleasure vessels: Not mandatory to be supplied with buoyancy aids additional to the life jacket.  Pleasure & Commercial Vessels By every child under 12 (twelve) years of age on deck whilst the vessel is underway.  The limitations of a buoyancy aid must be taken into account by the skipper and the use of such buoyancy aid in lieu of a lifejacket should only be allowed when circumstances dictate as determined by a proper risk assessment by the skipper.  Note that when launching or returning through the surf, or when directed by the skipper, either a lifejacket or an approved buoyancy aid MUST be worn by every person aboard.  A water-skier must wear a suitable buoyancy aid.  SAMSA advises recreational vessels to consider the wisdom of wearing a comfortable buoyancy aid at all times whilst at sea.			
		SAMSA strongly recommends an approved light; if operating at night			
3	Lifebuoy	Only on non-planing vessels			
4	Dan buoy	Only on trawlers and on sailing vessels over 9m in length.			
6	Hand-held red distress flares	2 off – unexpired SAMSA approved. It is an offence to tamper with expiry dates, besides being very dangerous.  Exp//20  (Note: All expired pyrotechnics are to be handed in at the SAPS explosives unit for disposal.)			

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7	Red rocket parachute flares	2 off - unexpired SAMSA approved. It is an offence to tamper with
		expiry dates, besides being very dangerous.
		Exp/20
8	Floating orange smoke marker	1 off - unexpired SAMSA approved. It is an offence to tamper with
		expiry dates, besides being very dangerous.
		Exp/20
10	One (1) waterproof torch, spare	ONLY required on vessels operating at night - Spare batteries and bulb
	batteries and a spare bulb	to be kept in a watertight container
11	Hand-held spotlight with own 12 V	ONLY required on dive boats operating at night.
	battery	
12	Sound signalling device (other than a	ONLY required on vessel operating WEST of Port Alfred. Frequency
	life-jacket whistle)	range 250Hz - 700Hz, audible not less than 1 kilometre over water in
		still conditions.
		It is highly recommended by SAMSA that vessels operating East of Port
		Alfred also carry a sound signalling device.
13	Ships bell or sound signalling device	ONLY required on vessels of 20m or more in overall length.
	capable of making the signal "R"	("R" is Morse Code [• − •] )
15	Code Flag "A" (rigid)	ONLY required on dive boats
16	Two (2) black balls or shapes, at least	ONLY required on vessels of 12 (twelve) metres or more in overall
10	400mm in diameter	length.
17	Permanently fitted radar reflector of at	ONLY required on power driven vessels of 9 metres or more in overall
1/	*	<del></del>
	least 400mm in diameter (or patent	length operating west of Port Alfred.
	type of equivalent echoing capability)	It is strongly recommended by SAMSA that vessels less than 9 metres in
		overall length, sailing vessels and vessels operating East of Port Alfred
10		also carry a permanently fitted radar reflector.
18	Marine VHF to be fitted	VHF to have at least channel 16 and one other working channel.
		An annual ship station licence to be obtained from ICASA.
		The skipper to be in possession of a Restricted Radio Telephone
		Operators Certificate for vessels fitted with VHF radio equipment.
21	Depth sounding device or hand lead	ONLY required on dive boats
	line	
22	Steering Magnetic Compass	Compass to be illuminated on vessels operating at night.
24	Suitable approved fire extinguishers	One per engine, and, in decked vessels of 9 (nine) metres or more in
- •		length, one (1) in each compartment formed by a complete transverse
		bulkhead (e.g. galley, sleeping accommodation and wheelhouse).
		Serviced annually by an approved SAMFAS.
		See latest Marine Notice for SAMSA approved SAMFAS Stations
26	2 Oars or paddles	Only for single outboard engine vessels
27	Grab-line fitted to outside of gunwale	Required ONLY for dive boats. Not required for vessels equipped with a
21	Grab-line fitted to outside of guilware	secured boarding ladder extending into the water.
28	Capsize rope for use when vessel is	ONLY for inflatable vessels and ski-boats less then 9 (nine) metres in
28	inverted in the water	· · ·
20		overall length. Rope to be attached when proceeding to sea.
29	Full set of sails, including storm sails	ONLY required on sailing vessels
30	Suitable means of cutting standing rigging	ONLY required on sailing vessels
31	Suitable sea-anchor, fitted with hawser	ONLY required on surf launched vessels of less then 9 (nine) metres in
31	and tripping line (rigged and ready for	overall length.
	use)	overall length.
22		Langth of chain:
32	Proper patent anchor and chain, with a	Length of chain:
	suitable length of rope for the area of	Vessels of 6 (six) metres and more - at least 5 (five) metres
	operation	Vessels under 6 (six) metres - at least 3 metres
		Length of Rope:
		At least 100 metres
		Inspect weak link.

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33	Watertight capsize bottle attached to	Containing flares, survival and emergency equipment. The rope length	
	vessel with rope readily accessible in	must not be less than 1.5 times the length of the vessel and	
	event of capsize	manufactured to be non-slip.	
34	Space blankets	2 off	
35	Drinking water	One litre per person	
36	First-aid kit	To be suitable for the vessel's size, compliment and intended operation,	
		to the satisfaction of the surveyor or safety officer.	
		To include an elementary first-aid manual such as the publication	
İ		entitled First on the Scene, published by St Johns Ambulance.	
ı		Not required if installed power is 15 horsepower, or less.	
37	Suitable air bellows and repair kit	ONLY required on inflatable vessels	
38	SAMSA Approved self inflating life-raft	Life-raft ONLY required if built in buoyancy, one compartment flooding	
	capable of carrying all persons aboard	or two chamber flooding (Inflatables) is NOT provided.	
		If carried:	
		.1 Stowed on deck or in a readily accessible position.	
		.2 Commercial vessels the raft must be serviced annually by an	
		approved life-raft servicing agent.	
		.3 Pleasure vessels the raft must be serviced according to the	
		manufacturers' instructions.	
		.4 It is strongly recommended that life-rafts be fitted with hydrostatic	
		release units	
		Refer to the latest Marine Notice regarding provision of life-rafts	
39	Spares	Adequate for the purpose of carrying out emergency repairs to	
		machinery and essential equipment aboard.	
40	Tools	Adequate for the purpose of carrying out emergency repairs to	
		machinery and essential equipment aboard.	
41	Highly visible 2m x 2m canvas	Only applies to vessels not painted in visible colours.	
		To be pigmented in a colour which is readily visible from above in any	
		sea condition. (Or the vessel may carry a pigmented canvas extending	
		the full the width of the vessel, but not less than 2m x 2m).	
Annex 2	Marking of equipment	All life-jackets, buoyancy aids, life-buoys, Dan-buoys, flares, oars,	
Para		paddles and life-rafts are to be permanently marked with the vessel's	
3(1)		name or "approved marking".	
Annex 2	Marking of trailer	Where any vessel is launched from a trailer other than a dolly at a	
Para		private launching site the trailer must be marked in a conspicuous	
3(2)		position, with the vessel's name, or approved marking and with the	
		owner's name and emergency contact number.	

Crew Wage Agreements - Merchant Shipping Amendment Act, 2015				
South African ship: 'means a ship that is registered or licenced in the Republic.	Applicable to commercial fishing vessels.			
CREWS AGREEMENTS (MSA Sects 102, 111A, 114,121 &130)	Crew's agreements to be on board and contain required information (see sect 102 & 111A, 114, 121 & 130 of MSA). Department of Labour endorsed Bargaining and Statutory Council agreements are accepted as alternatives if these agreements contain as a minimum the required information as per MSA sections above.			

# **ANNEXURE: CREW'S AGREEMENTS**

Merchant Shipping (Amendment Act), 2015.

APPLICATION: (1) South African ship that is registered or licenced in the Republic.

CHECK	Section of MSA, 1951 as amended	NOTES
	MSA Section 102 (3) (a) to (e)	Crew's agreements to contain the following information:  Nature and duration of intended voyage or engagement,  Particulars of deck lines or load lines –if applicable, number and description of crew, time the seafarer is to be on board and capacity on board.
	MSA Section 102 (3) (f) to (m), Read with Sections 111A (leave and	Crew's agreements to contain the following additional amended information:
	formula for calculation), Section 114 (right to repatriation)	Particulars of wages each seafarer is to receive, to include basic wages, leave, allowances, bonuses and commissions.  Amount of seafarer's annual leave including formula used to calculate.  Health and social security benefits.  Right to repatriation.  Reference to any collective bargaining agreement.  Minimum notice periods.
	MSA Section 102 (5)(b)	If there is a collective bargaining agreement on board a fishing vessel covering the wages and conditions of employment of a seafarer agreed to under a registered Bargaining Council or Statutory Council, then the terms of agreement shall apply to the seafarers an board.
	MSA Section 121	<b>Crew's payments</b> to be received on a regular basis. Periods between payments not to exceed 45 days.
	MSA Section 130	<b>Seafarers</b> have the right to leave <b>allotment notes</b> ashore for payment of part of wages to be paid to a designated person ashore.